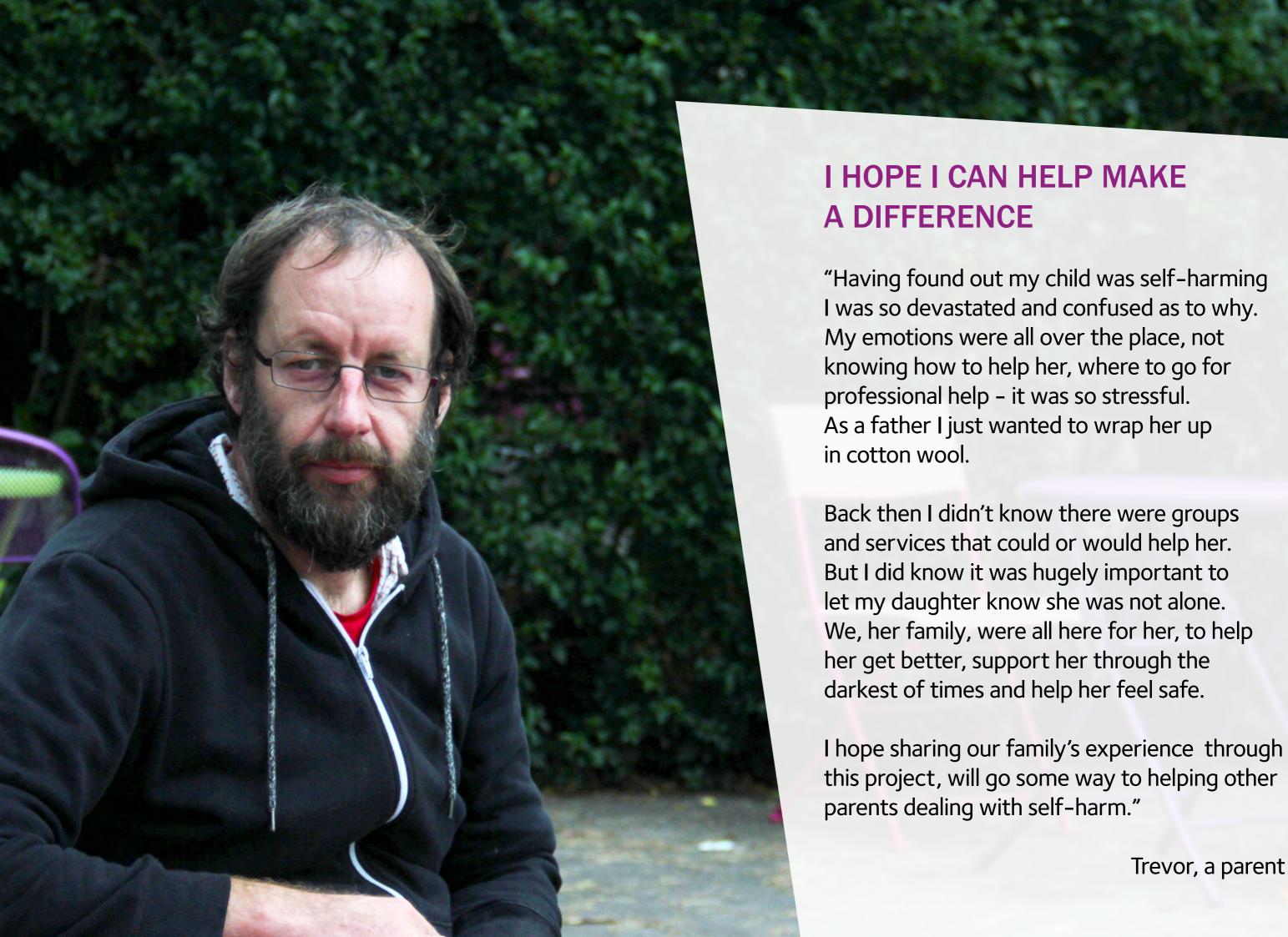


No Harm Done

A Parent's Journey

Next steps for parents or carers whose child is self-harming



I FEEL GUILTY

If you've recently discovered that your child is harming themselves then you're probably experiencing a whole range of emotions. Parents commonly talk of guilt, shame, anger, frustration, sadness and disgust.

> "I felt I had failed as a parent. Every cut felt like confirmation of what a bad job I must be doing."

Self-harm is a common coping mechanism for young people who turn to it as quickly as other generations might have used drugs or alcohol to manage difficult feelings. It can be a reflection of a broad range of issues, most of which are unrelated to our parenting.

However, as a parent you're in a great position to support your child's recovery. Acknowledge your feelings, perhaps by talking to a partner, friend or counsellor. Try not to focus on the past, instead think about how you can help make things change. Many parents grow closer to their children as they support their recovery.

"I couldn't have got through it without my Dad. He was so accepting and practical."





I'M WORRIED I'LL SAY THE WRONG THING

Many parents find themselves paralysed with fear of saying the wrong thing to their child and so they say nothing at all. One time you should say nothing is if your emotions are running high – then it's best to give yourself space and time to calm. The rest of the time, even if you don't get it quite right, each conversation is a show of support for your child. Young people shared their tips with us on how parents can get it right:

Try not to judge: My parents didn't like it but they didn't think it made me a bad person.

Be honest: My parents told me they didn't get it—nor did I. Their honesty and questions helped me to open up about it.

Accept recovery as a process: I can't stop. Not right now. If you ask me to, I'll feel like I'm letting you down. It's going to take time.

Listen: My dad said very little. He just listened. It was exactly what I needed.

Talk about other things too: I'm more than my self-harm. It doesn't have to be the focus of every conversation.

WHAT SHOULD I DO NEXT?

There are many practical ways in which you can support your child's recovery. The journey is different for everyone, but things that can commonly help include:

Supporting your child in accessing professional support

A visit to the GP or talking to someone at school is often the best first step.

Learning more about self-harm

There is a lot of misunderstanding around self-harm, the better you understand it, the better you can support your child. Further sources of support can be found here.

Identifying stressors and triggers

Talk through a typical day or upcoming events with your child. Identify situations that are worrying them and discuss how to best address these.

Helping your child learn about alternatives

Work with your child to identify different ways of dealing with difficult emotions such as breathing exercises, music, physical activity, writing or art.

Keep supporting

As things get better and scars heal, we might begin to drift away. Try not to, this early recovery phase is sometimes the hardest part of all.





FURTHER SUPPORT

YoungMinds: <u>youngminds.org.uk</u>
Parents Helpline 0808 802 5544
(Monday to Friday 9.30am – 4pm)

Coping with self-harm: <u>a guide for parents and carers</u> (University of Oxford in conjunction with YoungMinds and The Royal College of Psychiatrists)

Factsheet from The Royal College of Psychiatrists

The Parent's Guide to Self-Harm: What parents need to know by Jane Smith. Available as a <u>paperback</u> or <u>Kindle</u>

A Short Introduction to Understanding and Supporting Children and Young People Who Self-Harm by Professor Carol Fitzpatrick. Available as a <u>paperback</u> or <u>Kindle</u>

<u>Self-Harm Alternatives</u>: over 130 ideas for use in recovery suggested by young people, collated by Dr Pooky Knightsmith

No Harm Done - ▶ film & **!** resource pack for young people

No Harm Done - ▶ film & **!** resource pack for professionals

"If I could go back in time, I wouldn't change it. It was really hard but it brought my parents and I closer together and it helped me learn ways to talk and to cope that I will use for the rest of my life."



